

STATE OF FLORIDA  
AGENCY FOR HEALTH CARE ADMINISTRATION  
OFFICE OF FAIR HEARINGS



FILED

Jun 17, 2024, 12:33 pm  
OFFICE OF FAIR HEARINGS

[REDACTED]

PETITIONER,

AHCA Case No.: 24-FH1085

vs.

AGENCY FOR HEALTH CARE  
ADMINISTRATION,

RESPONDENT.

\_\_\_\_\_ /

**FINAL ORDER**

Pursuant to notice, the undersigned Hearing Officer convened a telephonic Fair Hearing on the instant case on June 4, 2024, at 9:00 a.m. EST.

**APPEARANCES**

For the Petitioner:

[REDACTED]

Petitioner's Authorized Representative

For the Respondent:

Marielisa Amador  
Medical Health Care Provider Analyst  
Fair Hearing Liaison  
Agency for Health Care Administration

**STATEMENT OF ISSUE**

The issue is whether Respondent proved by a preponderance of the evidence that Respondent's decision to terminate Petitioner's behavior analysis ("BA") services was correct.

**PRELIMINARY STATEMENT**

All parties and witnesses appeared telephonically. Petitioner’s Authorized Representative and [REDACTED], [REDACTED], (“[REDACTED]”), appeared on behalf of the Petitioner.

Marielisa Amador, Medical Health Care Provider Analyst and Fair Hearing Liaison for the Agency for Health Care Administration (“Agency” or “AHCA”) appeared on behalf of Respondent. Dr. David Bicard, (“Dr. Bicard”) Board Certified Behavior Analyst at the doctoral level (BCBA-D) and Director of Clinical Operations for eQHealth Solutions, Inc. (“eQHealth”), attended as a witness for Respondent.

Petitioner filed no documents with the Office of Fair Hearings as evidence.

Prior to the hearing, Respondent sent to the Office of Fair Hearings and Petitioner a one hundred and twenty-eight (128)-page evidence packet. The packet appears in the Office of Fair Hearings’ case management system as “[REDACTED] FH 06.04.2024 1-102.pdf,” “[REDACTED] FH 06.04.2024 103-111.pdf,” and “[REDACTED] FH 06.04.2024 112-128.pdf.” Absent an objection from the Petitioner, the undersigned admitted the evidence packet into evidence as Respondent’s Composite Exhibit 1.

Prior to the hearing, Respondent sent to the Office of Fair Hearings and Petitioner a forty-nine (49)-page evidence packet. The packet appears in the Office of Fair Hearings’ case management system as “24-FH1085 AHCA Evidence (Pages 1-49 of 49).pdf.” Absent an objection from the Petitioner, the undersigned admitted the evidence packet into evidence as Respondent’s Composite Exhibit 2.

### **FINDINGS OF FACT**

1. Petitioner receives Medicaid services on a fee-for-service basis from the Agency. eQHealth is a Quality Improvement Organization contracted by the Agency to review prior authorization requests for services. See Respondent's Composite Exhibit 2 at page 2.

2. Petitioner is [REDACTED]. See Respondent's Composite Exhibit 1 at page 16. The Petitioner has been diagnosed with [REDACTED] [REDACTED]. *Id.* at 114. The Petitioner has exhibited maladaptive behaviors including [REDACTED], [REDACTED], and [REDACTED] [REDACTED] *Id.* at 115.

3. Petitioner requested the following BA services: 624 units of code 97153, 312 units of code 97155, and 104 units of code 97156 for the certification period of March 6, 2024, through September 1, 2024. *Id.* at 23.

4. On March 12, 2024, Respondent issued a Notice of Outcome ("NOO"), terminating Petitioner's BA services. *Id.* at 22-25. The NOO explained the basis for the termination as follows:

[T]he requested services are not medically necessary under the following standard(s):

Consistent with generally accepted professional medical standards as determined by the Medicaid program, and not experimental or investigational.  
Individualized, specific, and consistent with symptoms or confirmed diagnosis of the illness under treatment, and not in excess of the patient's needs.  
Furnished in a manner not primarily intended for the convenience of the recipient, the recipient's caregiver, or the provider.

...

The NOO further provided:

The service is denied because it is for the convenience of the recipient, recipient's caregiver or the provider.

Submitted information does not support the medical necessity for requested frequency and/or duration.

Requested services are denied because documentation is neither showing improvement nor support for maintenance.

PR Clinical Rationale – Denial: Calming/coping/relaxation strategies, social stories, and sensory alternatives are not empirically supported procedures within the conceptual system of behavior analysis for treating the functions of maladaptive behavior. According to Behavior analysis Services Coverage Policy (page 2, 1.1), treatment that does not meet generally accepted standards of care within the field of applied behavior analysis are not covered under the behavior analysis service coverage policy.

The definitions of behaviors under treatment (for maladaptive and skill acquisition goals) must be written according to generally accepted practice within the field of ABA and according to AHCA standards set in Florida Behavior Analysis Services Coverage Policy (page 7, 6.2.2). The behavioral definitions must be clear, complete, objective and free of unobservable intentional states. The behaviors should have clear boundaries, definite on-sets and off-sets, should not overlap with other target behaviors definitions, and not be a listing of behaviors that the recipient does not engaging in. The behavior definition, “ [REDACTED] ” [REDACTED] [REDACTED] ) in this treatment plan does not conform to generally accepted standards of care within the field of applied behavior analysis.

According to the Florida Medicaid State Plan (page 8, 6.2.3), the data provided must show evidence that the frequency of the maladaptive behavior(s) has decreased since the last review and, if not, that there is a modification of the behavior plan. The recommendations for procedural modifications include: additions/changes to treatment plan to impact behaviors targeted for reduction. Procedural modifications should include one or more of the following: antecedent manipulation modifications, modifications of prompting procedures used in acquisition, modifications in consequence-based strategies—ones that either reduce maladaptive behavior or reinforce replacement behavior (e.g., manipulation of reinforcement schedules, switch to a different decelerative procedure), or if lack of progress was due to therapist error (e.g., poor data collection or poor training on intervention methods), how you will address human error. The provider has not addressed the lack of progress during the last observation period and did not amend the treatment plan in relation to the lack of progress or the proposed changes have little chance at improving behavior. The information submitted does not meet standards of care within the field of behavior analysis.

According to The Florida Medicaid Behavior Analysis Services Coverage Policy (page 3, 2.2) the recipient of ABA therapy services must engage in maladaptive behavior that interferes with the recipient’s daily functioning for which ABA therapy is medically necessary. The behaviors identified in this treatment plan

include: ( e.g., [REDACTED]). Behavior analysis is not the most effective and least costly treatment available to treat the causes of these behaviors. These behaviors are outside the scope of treatment for behavior analysis. The request for behavior analysis services is denied.

*Id.* at 23-24.

5. Petitioner requested reconsideration of the Respondent’s decision. On April 5, 2024, Respondent issued a Notice of Reconsideration Determination (“NRD”) upholding its decision. *Id.* at 35-36. The NRD states, in pertinent part as follows:

Specifically, the services must be:

Consistent with generally accepted professional medical standards as determined by the Medicaid program, and not experimental or investigational.

Individualized, specific, and consistent with symptoms or confirmed diagnosis of the illness under treatment, and not in excess of the patient’s needs.

Furnished in a manner not primarily intended for the convenience of the recipient, the recipient’s caregiver, or the provider.

...

PR Recon Determination: At reconsideration all documents were carefully reviewed. According to the Florida Medicaid State Plan (page 8, 6.2.3), the data provided must show evidence that the frequency of the maladaptive behavior(s) has decreased since the last review and, if not, that there is a modification of the behavior plan. The recommendations for procedural modifications include: additions/changes to treatment plan to impact behaviors targeted for reduction. Procedural modifications should include one or more of the following: antecedent manipulation modifications, modifications of prompting procedures used in acquisition, modifications in consequence-based strategies—ones that either reduce maladaptive behavior or reinforce replacement behavior (e.g., manipulation of reinforcement schedules, switch to a different decelerative procedure), or if lack of progress was due to therapist error (e.g., poor data collection or poor training on intervention methods), how you will address human error. The provider has not addressed the lack of progress during the last observation period and did not amend the treatment plan in relation to the lack of progress or the proposed changes have little chance at improving behavior. The information submitted does not meet standards of care within the field of behavior analysis. This denial is upheld.

*Id.* at 35-36.

6. Dr. Bicard established that eQHealth reviews behavior analysis cases to ensure that providers are giving quality care consistent with the standards enumerated in the BA Policy as well as professional medical standards of applied behavior analysis (“ABA”). eQHealth reviewed the Treatment Plan submitted in this case to determine whether all five (5) conditions of medical necessity are met. Dr. Bicard asserted that Petitioner’s services were denied because the treatment plan is not consistent with generally accepted professional medical standards as determined by the Medicaid program, and not experimental or investigational, not individualized, specific, and consistent with symptoms or confirmed diagnosis of the illness under treatment, and not in excess of the patient’s needs and not to be furnished in a manner primarily intended for the convenience of the recipient, the recipient’s caregiver, or the provider and therefore does not meet the conditions of being medically necessary.

7. Dr. Bicard explained the review process that is followed by eQhealth. In this review, Dr. Bicard testified that the 1<sup>st</sup> level reviewer found that the recipient had been diagnosed with [REDACTED] and the provider was requesting 10 hours per week of services. *Id.* at 18. Further, considering the documentation submitted, the request for services was not individualized, specific, and consistent with symptoms or confirmed diagnosis of the illness or injury under treatment, and not in excess of the patient’s needs. *Id.* The request was sent to a second level review. The second level reviewer is a Board-Certified Behavior Analyst at the doctoral level (BCBA-D). Dr. Bicard testified that the second reviewer wrote that the provider included strategies in the treatment plan that are not empirically supported procedures within the conceptual system of behavior analysis for treating the functions of maladaptive behaviors.

*Id.* at 18. The reviewer went on to say that the definitions of behaviors under treatment and skill acquisitions were not written according to the generally accepted practice within the field of ABA and according to AHCA standards. *Id.* at 18. The second level reviewer denied the request for behavior analysis services based upon the documentation submitted. *Id.* at 18-19. A request was made for reconsideration and a third reviewer reconsidered the previous denial. The third reviewer is also a Board-Certified Behavior Analyst at the doctoral level (BCBA-D). In addition to confirming the previous denial the third reviewer also found that the treatment plan showed a lack of progress. *Id.* at 19. The prior denial was upheld. *Id.*

8. Dr. Bicard established that an effective treatment plan is built around maladaptive behaviors (which decrease in frequency) and skills to be acquired (which increase in frequency) over the course of treatment. Dr. Bicard testified that this provider has failed to establish a Treatment Plan that will accomplish the purpose of ABA and address the lack of progress of the recipient. Dr. Bicard testified that this recipient had been in service with this provider since [REDACTED], approximately [REDACTED]. Dr. Bicard stated that there was a lack of progress by the recipient and a lack of interventions by the provider.

9. Dr. Bicard reviewed graphs involving maladaptive behavior which cover the last authorization period and the current authorization period. The first graph is for [REDACTED] and [REDACTED]. This graph starts in March of 2023 and continues onto the next graph until February of 2024. Dr. Bicard found that after [REDACTED], the data for these behaviors was at a low level, stable, with no real progress. On the second graph, [REDACTED] is included beginning in September of 2023 until February of 2024. After six months of treatment, [REDACTED] has shown a steady decline in this behavior. The behavior began with an occurrence

rate of [REDACTED] per week and is now reported at [REDACTED] occurrences per week. *Id.* at 117. Dr. Bicard noted that the graphs for maladaptive behaviors did not include any notation of interventions or modifications of the treatment plan.

10. Dr. Bicard also reviewed the Treatment Plan replacement behaviors. Dr. Bicard found the replacement behaviors followed the same data track and showed a level pattern between [REDACTED] with no improvement [REDACTED] for the six-month authorization period. *Id.* at 118.

11. [REDACTED] testified on behalf of [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] testified that [REDACTED] believes that [REDACTED] does need the ABA services. [REDACTED] testified that [REDACTED] had been removed from the public school and was now attending an alternative school. [REDACTED] stated that [REDACTED] had been at several different schools. [REDACTED] said that it seems as though [REDACTED] is not able to “[REDACTED].” [REDACTED] [REDACTED] is physical with others and has become physical with [REDACTED] ([REDACTED]). [REDACTED] stated that the RBTs at the school do not seem to try to work in coordination with the agency/provider [REDACTED]. [REDACTED] indicated that there were some barriers to getting [REDACTED] to therapy. The provider could only come the family home if the landlord first gave permission and with the distance between the family home and the providers location and [REDACTED]’s work schedule, it was difficult to make the therapy appointments.

12. Dr. Bicard testified on rebuttal that the recipient may still meet the criteria for ABA services through the Medicaid system but may wish to seek services with a different provider. Also, Dr. Bicard indicated that it may require more than 6 hours of services to effectively reduce the maladaptive behaviors and increase the skill replacement behaviors. Dr. Bicard opined that the services provided were not effective during the most recent authorization period and the

data reported did not show improvement with either the maladaptive behaviors or the replacement skills.

### **CONCLUSIONS OF LAW**

13. The Agency's Office of Fair Hearings has jurisdiction over the subject matter of this proceeding and the parties pursuant to section 409.285(2), Florida Statutes (2019). This order is the final administrative decision of AHCA under section 409.285(2)(a).

14. This hearing was held as a *de novo* proceeding pursuant to Fla. Admin. Code R. 59G-1.100(17)(b).

15. Because Respondent terminated a previously approved service, Fla. Admin. Code R. 59-1.100(17)(g) assigns the burden of proof to the Respondent. The standard of proof in an administrative hearing is a preponderance of the evidence. The preponderance of the evidence standard requires proof by "the greater weight of the evidence" (Black's Law Dictionary at 1201, 7th Ed.).

16. States must provide Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnostic, and Treatment ("EPSDT") services to Medicaid-eligible children under age 21 when requested under the Medicaid state plan. *See* 42 U.S.C. § 1396a(a)(43); 42 U.S.C. § 1396d(a)(4).

17. According to 42 U.S.C. § 1396d(r)(5), EPSDT services mean, in relevant part, the following items and services:

Such other necessary health care, diagnostic services, treatment, and other measures described in subsection (a) of this section to correct or ameliorate defects and physical and mental illness and conditions discovered by the screen services, whether or not such services are covered under the state plan.

18. A state may place medical necessity limitations on EPSDT services. *See* 42 C.F.R. §§ 440.230(a), (b), (d).

19. Section 409.905(2), Florida Statutes, limits EPSDT services with a medical necessity standard:

The [Agency] shall pay for early and periodic screening and diagnosis of a recipient under age 21 to ascertain physical and mental problems and conditions and all services determined by the agency to be medically necessary for the treatment, correction, or amelioration of these problems and conditions, including personal care, private duty nursing, durable medical equipment, physical therapy, occupational therapy, speech therapy, respiratory therapy, and immunizations.

20. The Florida Medicaid Definitions Policy, incorporated by reference in Fla. Admin. Code R. 59G-1.010, defines “Medically Necessary” or “Medical Necessity” as follows:

The medical or allied care, goods, or services furnished or ordered must meet the following conditions:

- Be necessary to protect life, to prevent significant illness or significant disability, or to alleviate pain
- Be individualized, specific, and consistent with symptoms or confirmed diagnosis of the illness or injury under treatment, and not in excess of the patient’s needs
- Be consistent with generally accepted professional medical standards as determined by the Medicaid program, and not experimental or investigational
- Be reflective of the level of service that can be safely furnished, and for which no equally effective and more conservative or less costly treatment is available statewide
- Be furnished in a manner not primarily intended for the convenience of the recipient, the recipient’s caretaker, or the provider

The fact that a provider has prescribed, recommended, or approved medical or allied care, goods, or services does not, in itself, make such care, goods or services medically necessary or a medical necessity or a covered service.

Respondent’s Composite Exhibit 2 at page 23

21. The Florida Medicaid Behavior Analysis Services Coverage Policy (September 2023) (“BA Policy”), incorporated by reference in Fla. Admin. Code. R. 59G-4.125, governs BA services available under Florida Medicaid. The BA Policy provides as follows:

## **1.0 Introduction**

Behavior analysis (BA) services are highly structured interventions, strategies, and approaches provided to decrease maladaptive behaviors and increase or reinforce appropriate behaviors.

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### **1.4.6 Medically Necessary/Medical Necessity**

As defined in Rule 59G-1.010, F.A.C.

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## **2.0 Eligible Recipient**

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### **2.2 Who Can Receive**

Florida Medicaid recipients under the age of 21 years requiring BA services that are medically necessary to address behavior that impairs a recipient's ability to perform a major life activity. Such functional impairment is expressed through the following behaviors:

- Safety – aggression, self-injury, property destruction, elopement
- Communication – problems with expressive/receptive language, poor understanding or use of non-verbal communications, stereotyped, repetitive language
- Self-stimulating – abnormal, inflexible, or intense preoccupations
- Self-care – difficulty recognizing risks or danger, grooming, eating, or toileting
- Other behaviors not identified above but not limited to complexity of treatment, programming, or environmental variables

The recipient must be referred by an independent physician or practitioner qualified to assess and diagnose disorders related to functional impairment, including:

- Primary care physician with family practice, internal medicine, or pediatric specialty
- Board certified or board eligible physician with specialty in developmental behavioral pediatrics, neurodevelopmental pediatrics, pediatric neurology, adult or child psychiatry
- Child psychologist

The referral must include a comprehensive diagnostic evaluation (CDE) performed according to national evidence-based practice standards. CDEs may be performed by a multidisciplinary team or individual practitioner. In either case, the CDE must be led by a licensed practitioner working within their scope of practice. The CDE must include assessment findings and treatment recommendations appropriate to the recipient. For example, the CDE may include data from behavioral reports by parents, guardians, and/or teachers; diagnostic testing related to recipients'

development, behavior, hearing, and/or vision; genetic testing; and/or other neurological and/or medical testing.

Some services may be subject to additional coverage criteria as specified in section 4.0.

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#### **4.0 Coverage Information**

##### **4.1 General Criteria**

Florida Medicaid covers services that meet all of the following:

- Are determined medically necessary
- Do not duplicate another service
- Meet the criteria as specified in this policy

##### **4.2 Specific Criteria**

Florida Medicaid covers the following BA services in accordance with the applicable Florida Medicaid fee schedule(s), or as specified in this policy:

###### **4.2.1 Behavior Assessment and Behavior Plan**

A behavior assessment must be conducted prior to the initiation of behavior analysis interventions. The assessment must identify behavioral deficits that interfere with a major life activity including the events and subsequent interactions that elicit and sustain targeted behavior.

The initial assessment must include the administration, scoring, and reporting of two core standardized behavior instruments, as follows:

- Vineland-3 Comprehensive Parent Interview Form Including Maladaptive Behavior Domain, for all recipients
- Behavior Assessment System for Children, Third Edition, Parenting Relationship Questionnaire (BASC-3 PRQ), for all recipients 2 years old and less than 19 years old

The complete scoring report, including outcome measure scores, must be submitted with service prior authorization requests. Additional assessment tools may be used at the Lead Analyst's discretion.

The behavior plan identifies intervention strategies that are likely to eliminate, mitigate or replace the behavior to produce change sufficient to reengage the recipient in the major life activity. The plan must include specific behavior goal(s), intervention strategies for each goal, anticipated timeframes that are of sufficient duration to address the targeted behavior, and how the ongoing progress of intervention strategies will be reported.

The behavior plan must reflect the requested authorization period (up to six months).

A reassessment and updated behavior plan to renew prior authorization for continued services must be completed at least every six months. The core instruments must be included with reassessments every 12 months.

More frequent assessments must be conducted when:

- New behavior emerges that interferes with a recipient's participation in a major life activity
- Additional BA services are medically necessary and are likely to address the emergent behavior

A full reassessment may be requested if there is a change in provider; however, a change of a practitioner status (e.g., an RBT becoming certified as a BCaBA) is not grounds for conducting a reassessment or updating a behavior plan.

#### **4.2.2 Behavior Analysis Interventions**

Florida Medicaid covers up to 40 hours per week of BA intervention services as indicated in the recipient's prior-authorized behavior plan. These services must be delivered to reduce maladaptive behaviors and assist the recipient reach the best possible function level for that individual. Services include:

- Adaptive behavior treatment by protocol - behavior analysis services provided according to the authorized treatment protocol
  - Services may be provided by Lead Analyst, BCaBA, or RBT
- Adaptive behavior treatment with protocol modification – behavior analysis services provided with modifications to the authorized treatment protocol to address behavior and/or response changes or progress
  - Services may be provided by Lead Analyst or BCaBA
- Group adaptive behavior treatment by protocol – behavior analysis services provided in a group setting according to the authorized treatment protocol
  - Maximum group size is six recipients
  - Services may be provided by Lead Analyst, BCaBA, or RBT
- Group adaptive behavior treatment with protocol modification – behavior analysis services provided in a group setting with modifications to the authorized treatment protocol to address behavior and/or response changes or progress
  - Maximum group size is six recipients
  - Services may be provided by Lead Analyst or BCaBA
- Family adaptive behavior treatment guidance – parent, guardian, and/or caregiver training on the implementation of the behavior plan and intervention strategies
  - The recipient may or may not be present depending upon clinical appropriateness.
  - Services may be provided by Lead Analyst or BCaBA

- The Lead Analyst may provide up to two hours per week of training to parents or guardians via telemedicine in accordance with Rule 59G-1.057, Florida Administrative Code (F.A.C.)

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#### **4.2.4 Discharge**

Recipients receiving Florida Medicaid BA services who meet one or more of the following will be considered for discharge from services:

- The recipient is no longer eligible for BA services as outlined in the Florida Medicaid Behavior Analysis Services Coverage Policy, incorporated by reference in Rule 59G-4.125, F.A.C.
- The recipient no longer meets medical necessity criteria as defined in Rule 59G-1.010, F.A.C.
- The recipient no longer engages in maladaptive behaviors.
- Data indicates the frequency and severity of maladaptive behavior(s) or level functional impairment no longer poses a barrier to the recipient's ability to function in his/her environment.
- The level of functional impairment as expressed through behaviors no longer justifies continued BA services.
- Parent or guardian withdraws consent for treatment

#### **4.3 Early and Periodic Screening, Diagnosis, and Treatment**

As required by federal law, Florida Medicaid provides services to eligible recipients under the age of 21 years, if such services are medically necessary to correct or ameliorate a defect, a condition, or a physical or mental illness. Included are diagnostic services, treatment, equipment, supplies, and other measures described in sectioned 1905(a) of the Social Security Act, codified in Title 42 of the United States Code 1396d(a). As such, services for recipients under the age of 21 years exceeding the coverage described within this policy or the associated fee schedule may be approved, if medically necessary. For more information, please refer to Florida Medicaid's Authorization Requirements Policy.

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### **5.0 Exclusion**

#### **5.1 General Non-Covered Criteria**

Services related to this policy are not covered when any of the following apply:

- The service does not meet the medical necessity criteria listed in section 1.0
- The recipient does not meet the eligibility requirements listed in section 2.0
- The service unnecessarily duplicates another provider's service

#### **5.2 Specific Non-Covered Criteria**

Florida Medicaid does not cover the following as part of this service benefit:

- Any procedure or physical crisis management technique that involves the use of seclusion or manual, technical, or chemical restraint utilized to control behaviors
- Services for the delivery of recipient supervision, personal care assistance (e.g., acting as a 1:1 aid), companion, chaperone, or shadow regardless of activity or setting. This may include supports and services that are reimbursed through a different Florida Medicaid service benefit or are able to be provided by individuals without professional skills or training.
- Caregiver or childcare services
- Psychological testing, neuropsychology, psychotherapy, cognitive therapy, sex therapy, psychoanalysis, hypnotherapy, or long-term counseling
- Services funded under section 110 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973
- Services not listed on the fee schedule
- Services on the same day as behavioral health overlay services\*
- Services on the same day as therapeutic behavioral on-site services\*
- Services on the same day as therapeutic group care services\*
- Services provided simultaneously by more than one BA provider, unless determined to be medically necessary, prior authorized, and indicated in the approved behavior plan
- Travel Time

\* These services include behavior analysis treatment.

Florida Medicaid may cover some services listed in this section through a different service benefit.

## **6.0 Documentation**

### **6.2 Specific Criteria**

Providers must maintain the following documentation in the recipient's file:

#### **6.2.1 Referral Information**

Original referral documentation must be maintained in the recipient's medical record.

#### **6.2.2 Behavior Assessment and Behavior Plan**

The behavior assessment and behavior plan must be signed by the Lead Analyst and the recipient's parent or guardian. Each behavior assessment and behavior plan must include:

- Patient information
- Reason for referral
- Medical and developmental history, including medications prescribed to ameliorate behaviors
- Relevant family history
- Clinical interview
- Review of recent assessments/reports (file review)
- Assessment procedures and results
- Behavior plan

- Treatment setting(s)
- Proposed treatment targets, goals, and objectives related to medically necessary behavioral interventions
- For each:
  - Definition in observable, measurable terms
  - Direct observation and measurement procedures
  - Current level (baseline)
  - Behavior reduction or acquisition procedures
  - Condition(s) under which behavior is to be demonstrated and mastery criteria
  - Date of introduction
  - Estimated date of mastery
  - Plan for generalization
  - Timely reporting of progress, including statements as to whether goal or objective is met; not met; or, modified (with explanation)
- Parent/guardian/caregiver training
  - Proposed targets, goals, and objectives (as above)
  - Training procedures
  - Date of introduction
  - Estimated date of mastery
- Number of units requested
  - Number of units for each billing code
  - Medical necessity for units requested
- Supervision plan, including name(s) of authorized supervisor(s)
- Care coordination with parents/caregivers, schools, state disability programs, and others as applicable
- Transition (fading) plan
- Crisis management plan
- Discharge plan

### **6.2.3 Assessment and Behavior Plan for Reauthorization and Continuation of Services**

In addition to the documentation requirements indicated in 6.2.2, subsequent assessments and behavior plans for reauthorization and continuation of services must include:

- Data reflecting progress of all behaviors targeted for improvement. Each behavior under treatment must have its own data table and corresponding graph.
- A narrative discussion of progress and a statement of justification for continuation of care at the intensity level requested

If significant clinical progress is not made over the course of an authorized period, the provider must explain why clinically significant progress was not made and treatment changes to promote progress.

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Pages 1 – 8 of BA Policy.

22. The Florida Medicaid Authorization Requirements Policy (“Authorization Policy”), incorporated by reference in Fla. Admin. Code R. 59G-1.053, provides as follows:

**3.2.1 Continued Authorization Request**

The QIO shall not deny or reduce the amount, frequency, or duration of a service that is already being provided, unless:

- The reduction is to correct for factual error or omissions in prior certifications.
- There is a documented improvement in the recipient’s medical condition.
- There is a documented change in the recipient’s circumstances.
- The reviewing physician determines the recipient will not gain any additional benefit by continuing services at the current level.

...

Page 3 of Authorization Policy.

23. In this case, Respondent terminated Petitioner’s BA services. The NOO and NRD explained that Petitioner’s request for services did not meet medical necessity as the treatment plan was not “[c]onsistent with generally accepted professional medical standards as determined by the Medicaid program, and not experimental or investigational,” and “not individualized, specific, and consistent with symptoms or confirmed diagnosis of the illness under treatment, and not in excess of the patient’s needs.” *See supra* ¶ 4-5.

24. As provided in the BA policy and the EPSDT requirements, the recipient must meet the medical necessity criteria as outlined in Fla. Admin. Code R. 59G-1.010. A component of medical necessity is that services must be “consistent with generally accepted professional medical standards.” As outlined above, Dr. Bicard provided credible and persuasive testimony identifying several instances where the Treatment Plan did not follow generally accepted standards of ABA. For example, the documentation provided for review did not show any

decrease in maladaptive behaviors and the provider failed to make necessary interventions or modifications to the treatment plan in order to effectively reduce maladaptive behaviors and increase replacement behaviors. Further, the treatment plan had included strategies that are not empirically supported procedures within the conceptual system of behavior analysis, however the provider reported a removal of those strategies. In addition, the treatment plan included threats to harm self. This type of behavior is outside the scope of behavior analysis. See supra ¶¶ 4, 7, 9, 10. Thus, Respondent demonstrated that, based on the information in the record, the requested BA services are not “consistent with generally accepted professional medical standards.” Because the services are not consistent with generally accepted professional medical standards, the critical element of medical necessity is not met. See supra ¶¶ 6.

25. In this case, Petitioner’s provider recommended the continuation of BA services. However, the fact that a provider has prescribed, recommended, or approved medical or allied care, goods, or services does not, in itself, make such care, goods or services medically necessary or a medical necessity or a covered service. See supra ¶¶ 20.


26. Accordingly, Respondent has established by a preponderance of the evidence that the requested BA services are not medically necessary. Looking at all the evidence relevant to the particular needs of Petitioner, the BA services at issue are not necessary to correct or ameliorate a defect or a physical and mental illness or condition.

27. Upon consideration of the testimony provided, Respondent’s Composite Exhibit 1, Respondent’s Composite Exhibit 2, and the applicable law and policies, the undersigned finds that Respondent proved by a preponderance of the evidence that Respondent’s termination of BA services was correct.

**DECISION**

Respondent's termination of Behavior Analysis services is **AFFIRMED**. Petitioner's appeal based on Respondent's termination of Behavior Analysis services is **DENIED**.

**DONE** and **ORDERED** this 17<sup>th</sup> day of June 2024, in Tallahassee, Leon County, Florida.

George L. Winslow,  
Jr.  
  
24-FH1085  
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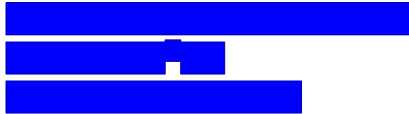
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**GEORGE WINSLOW, Hearing Officer**  
**Agency for Health Care Administration**  
**Office of Fair Hearings**  
**2727 Mahan Drive, Mail Stop # 11**  
**Tallahassee, FL 32308-5407**

**NOTICE OF A RIGHT TO JUDICIAL REVIEW**

A PARTY WHO IS ADVERSELY AFFECTED BY THIS FINAL ORDER IS ENTITLED TO JUDICIAL REVIEW, WHICH SHALL BE INSTITUTED BY FILING THE ORIGINAL NOTICE OF APPEAL WITH THE AGENCY CLERK OF AHCA, AND A COPY, ALONG WITH THE FILING FEE PRESCRIBED BY LAW, WITH THE DISTRICT COURT OF APPEAL IN THE APPELLATE DISTRICT WHERE THE AGENCY MAINTAINS ITS HEADQUARTERS OR WHERE A PARTY RESIDES. REVIEW PROCEEDINGS SHALL BE CONDUCTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE FLORIDA APPELLATE RULES. THE NOTICE OF APPEAL MUST BE FILED WITHIN 30 DAYS OF THE RENDITION OF THE ORDER TO BE REVIEWED.

**Copies Furnished To:**



**AHCA Medicaid Hearing Unit**  
**MedicaidHearingUnit@ahca.myflorida.com**